The following four indicators (4.7 - 4.10) should be selected as appropriate to a particular course for additional content and depth:

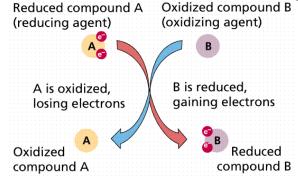
C-4.7 Summarize the oxidation and reduction processes (including oxidizing and reducing agents).

Revised Taxonomy Level 2.4 <u>Summarize</u> conceptual knowledge

This concept was not addressed in physical science

It is essential for students to

- Understand that "oxidation" is defined as the process of losing electrons, "reduction" is defined as process of gaining electrons
 - A substance that is "oxidized" has lost electrons
 - ➤ A substance that is "reduced" has gained electrons
 - ➤ When a substance is oxidized, it "gives" electrons to another substance, causing that substance to gain electrons or be reduced.
 - A substance that causes another substance to be reduced is called a "reducing agent"
 - Any substance that is oxidized is a reducing agent
 - ➤ When a substance is reduced, it "takes" electrons from another substance, causing that substance to lose electrons or be oxidized.
 - A substance that causes another substance to be oxidized is called an "oxidizing agent"
 - Any substance that is reduced is called an oxidizing agent



Cite examples of oxidation and reduction reactions

Assessment

The revised taxonomy verb, summarize means "to abstract a general theme or major point" For this indicator, the major focus of assessment should be to insure that students have a deep conceptual understanding of the processes of oxidation and reduction. Conceptual knowledge requires that students understand the interrelationships among the basic elements within a larger structure that enable them to function together. In this case, that students understand how each substance in the reaction is changed during an oxidation/reduction reaction.